To Study Comparison Between RC Framed Structure and Flat Slab Structure With Different Shear Wall Locations

Richa More ¹, Dr.C.P. Pise² ¹Dept of Civil engineering ²Professor & HOD, Dept of Civil engineering ^{1, 2}SKN Sinhgad college of Engineering, Pandharpur, Solapur, India

Abstract- Conventional R.C frame structure and flat slab structure, shear wall are modelled and analyzed for the different combinations of static loading with multistoried building .The comparison is made between the Regular and irregular conventional flat slab structure and RC frame structure of 20storey without shear wall and with shear wall some different location.The main objective of the analysis is to study best and Economical structure in Regular and irregular structure in Rc framed structure and flat slab structure with and without shear wall different location . The analysis is carried out using Etab 2017 software Present work also provides a good source of information on various parameters like storey displacement, storey drift,Time period. This study will help to find torsion free and economical high rise Building structures.

Keywords- Flat SLAB, SHEAR WALL, STOREY DISPLACEMENT STOREY DRIFT, TIME PERIOD

I. INTRODUCTION

Generally the analysis of flat slab is more complex and also is important to study the behaviour against different forces acting on the components of a multistoried building. The analysis may be carried out using software like Etabs2017 etc. In this dissertation work, modern R.C.C structure i.e flat slab, shear wall for different heights are modelled and analyzed for the different combinations of static loading with corner shear wall and middle shear wall with varying height of multistoried building .The comparison is made between the conventional R.C.C flat slab structure and RC frame structure of 20storey without shear wall and with shear wall with different shear wall location.. A reinforced concrete flat slab, also called as beamless slab, is a slab supported directly by columns without beams.

II. PROBLEM FORMULATION

Conventional R.C.C flat slab structure without shear wall and flat slab R.C.C structures with shear wall at particular

locations are modeled and analyzed for the different combinations of static loading. Comparison is made between the conventional R.C.C flat slab structure and flat slab R.C.C. structure with shear walls situated in seismic zone III Different cases of Regular and Irregular building considered are as given below:

A) Regular building

Case-1: 20storey Design and analysis of RC frame structure without shear wall

Case-2: 20storey Design and analysis of RC frame structure with corner shear wall

Case-3: 20storey Design and analysis RC frame structure middle shear wall

Case-4: 20storey Design and analysis of flat slab without shear wall.

Case-5: 20storey Design and analysis of flat slab with corner shear wall

Case-6: 20storey Design and analysis middle shear wall

B) Irregular building:

Case-1: 20storey Design and analysis of RC frame structure without shear wall

Case-2: 20storey Design and analysis of RC frame structure with corner shear wall

Case-3: 20storey Design and analysis RC frame structure middle shear wall.

Case-4: 20storey Design and analysis of flat slab without shear wall

Case-5: 20storey Design and analysis of flat slab with corner shear wall

Case-6: 20storey Design and analysis middle shear wall

Details of Modeling:

- 1) Storey height 3500mm
- 2) Thickness of flat slab-200mm
- 3) Thickness of shear wall 150mm

- 4) Size of column 300x900
- 5) Size of beam 230x600
- 6) Plan dimension 42x42m for Regular building
- 7) Plan dimension 42x48m for Irregular building
- 8) Loading Details:Gravity Loads

1) Dead load - 4.6 kN/m2

- 2) Live load 3.5kN/m2
- 3) Floor finish load 1.5kN/m2
- 2) Detail of Earthquake loading:

Sr.	Parameters	Code
		Provisio
		n
1)	Type of structure	RCC
2)	Importance factor (I)	1.2
3)	Response reduction factor (R	5
) for Rc frame structure	
4)	Response reduction factor (R	3
) for Rc frame structure	
4)	Damping for concrete	5%
5)	Zone factor (Z)	0.16

III. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

A) Regular Building

1) Time period

Cases	Time period(Sec)
Rc frame	3.69
RC frame corner shear wall	3.35
Rc frame middle shear wall	3.68
Flat slab structure	4.63
Flat slab comer shear wall	3.96
Flat slab middle shear wall	4.53

This study we come to know Time Period less in RC frame corner shear wall.



This study we come to know Time Period less in RC frame corner shear wall.

2) story displacement

Cases	Story
	displaceme
	t(mm)
Rc frame	115.75
RC frame corner shear wall	98.23
Rc frame middle shear wall	114.27
Flat slab structure	311.25
Flat slab corner shear wall	237.39
Flat slab middle shear wall	296.40



This study we come to know Time Period less in RC frame corner shear wall.

3) story drift

Cases	Story
	Drift
Rc frame	2.21
RC frame corner shear wall	2.13
Rc frame middle shear wall	2.16
Flat slab structure	7.73
Flat slab corner shear wall	7.16
Flat slab middle shear wall	7.51



This study we come to know Time Period less in RC frame corner shear wall.

B) Irregular Building

1)Time period

Cases	Time
	period(Sec)
Rc frame	3.7
RC frame corner shear	3.13
wall	
Rc frame middle shear	3.16
wall	
Flat slab structure	4.52
Flat slab corner shear wall	3.80
Flat slab middle shear wall	4.42



This study we come to know Time Period less in RC frame corner shear wall.

2) Story displacement

Cases	Story
	Displacement
Rc frame	118.47
RC frame corner shear wall	99.174
Rc frame middle shear wall	110.64
Flat slab structure	310.47
Flat slab corner shear wall	229.46
Flat slab middle shear wall	302.66



This study we come to know story displacement less in RC frame corner shear wall.

3)Story drift

Cases	Story drift
Rc frame	2.7
RC frame corner shear wall	2.15
Rc frame middle shear wall	2.47
Flat slab structure	7.5
Flat slab corner shear wall	7.2
Flat slab middle shear wall	7.4



This study we come to know story drift less in RC frame corner shear wall.

IV. CONCLUSION

A) Regular buildingand Irregular building

- Best and Economic structure is RC Frame with Shear Walls are at corner of the building
- 2) RC frame with Shear Walls at corner attract less torsion in the building. So it is good structural system from earthquake point of view.
- Time period is less in RC frame with Shear Walls at corner, it gives more stiffness. Hence building will be more stable from strength and serviceability point of view.
- 4) Compared to other system RC frames with shear walls at corner gives less storey displacement.
- 5) Compared to other system RC frames with shear walls at corner gives less storey drift values.

REFERENCES

[1] VijitSahu, Dr. G.P. Khare, Mr. Dushyant Kumar Sahu [2018],

"Behavior of multistory building with different shear wall arrangements with and without central cross shear wall" International research journal of engineering and technology

[2] H.S.Mohana, M.R.Kavan[2015], "Comparative Study of Flat Slab and Conventional Structure Using ETABS for Different Earthquake Zones of India" International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology

- [3] Sanjay Sengupta[2014], "Study of Shear Walls in Multistoried Buildings with Different Thickness and Reinforcement Percentage for All Seismic Zones in India" International Journal of Research in Engineering and Technology
- [4] Prof. K. S. Sable, Er. V. A. Ghodechor, Prof. S B Kandekar[2012], "Comparative Study of Seismic Behavior of Multistory Flat Slab and Conventional Reinforced Concrete Framed Structures", IJCTEE, Volume 2
- [5] Alkarani, R Ravindra[2013]., "Evaluation of Punching Shear In Flat Slabs" International Journal of Research in Engineering and Technology
- [6] Dr. U. Gupta, S. Ratnaparkhe, P. Gome[2012], "Seismic behavior of buildings having flat slabs with drops", IJETAE volume 2
- [7] Dr. V. Varghese, S. Bothara[2012], "Dynamic analysis of moment resistingframe buildingwith Flat slab and Grid slab", IJERA volume 2, July-August 2012.