Unique Word Prediction System for Text Entry in Hindi

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Abstract- Word prediction is very effective technique for improving efficiency of entering text. Current word prediction systems predict a word if and only if a user has not made mistake in the starting of some characters of the word. This is more applicable for Indian languages, which have a large set of characters, alphabets, words with complex characters and inflections, phonetically similar sets of characters, etc. For existing systems, till now "N-Gram" approach is used. N-Gram approach considers only sequence of words in given sentence. New approach is to use "Syntactic N-Gram" approach. Sn-Grams are differing from traditional n-grams in the way of which elements are considered as the neighbors. Sn-Grams consider Grammar in making prediction. So they are less arbitrary in making predictions.

Keywords- Hindi Word Prediction System; Hindi Keyboard; Indian Languages; Syntactic N-Grams; Sn-Grams.

I. INTRODUCTION

Natural Language Processing:

Natural language processing (NLP) is a study of excellence, a field of computer science concerned with the human – computer interactions. When you want an intelligent system like machines or robots to perform as per your instructions, Natural language is required.

Word Prediction:

Many of us can have problems with correct spelling, or would not like to type more. Software that completes words by showing some words using predictive text on keyboards of mobile phones or from Web pages can help.

Word prediction is an "intelligent" feature of word processing that can reduce writing for a range of users by reducing the number of key pressing necessary for typing words. [3]

As the number of Internet users are increasing very quickly, the number of email users or the number of mobile internet users are also increasing. The increasing need leads to the fast typing system for the users to save their time. [8]

Further, there are some characters which look same, raise the possibility of getting confused when making choice of the correct character and it leads to pressing the wrong characters. [9]

It is very important to see that the virtual keyboard works properly so that the users can type their routine life words very quickly and accurately.

According to Internet World Stats 2015, numbers of Internet Users are growing very rapidly. There is a growth of 1,267.6% of Internet users in 2000 to 2015. [8] (See Fig. 1)

Following chart shows the Internet Usage.



Figure 1 Internet Users in Asia[8]

The Hindi language follows Devanagari script, contains a very rich set of characters including:

• 11 vowels,

35 consonants [18]

12 matras Some special symbols and complex characters called "conjuncts". [9]

Following are the major objectives: [2] [3] [8]

- To give better word predictions for Indian Languages like Hindi
- To help the Indian people who want to use the Data available on Internet but cannot access it due to Lack of knowledge in English Language

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- To help people who wants to communicate in Hindi Language but finds difficulties in typing due to large character sets in Hindi
- To give ease of access to Indian people to communicate in their National Language as Hindi is 4th most widely used language.

The uses of virtual keyboards with word prediction:

- Mobile Applications
- Desktop Applications
- Search engine feature
- Hardware Keyboard feature
- Software keyboard feature
- Microsoft Office extension
- G-mail plug-in, etc.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Detection and Correction of Non Word Spelling Errors in Hindi Language [1]

The research shows that more development in Hindi language will be useful for those people who have no or little understanding about other languages like English but they want to use resources which are available in the world.

Hindi is a highly complicating language, because the matras and many of the other symbols are present, which confuse the user in selecting the right word.

For example, (दिन - दीन) (सामान - समान). These words are similar but they have discrete meaning. A very small change in word may lead to an error.

If incorrect word is chosen by the user and it is not identified and corrected by the spelling checker, then it can maximize the chance of irrelevant outcome.

For ex, वस्तु का ज्ञान and वास्तु का ज्ञान have discrete interpretation. Processing of text in Hindi is a very big issue. [1]

1		
	of Errors	Example
	in Hindi	

Levels

Non-word

Syntactic

errors

errors

Real-

word

errors

errors

errors

Discourse

Pragmatic

Level-

Level-

Level-

Level-

Level-

1

2

3

4

5

Table 1: Levels of Errors for Hindi

वह जल बीती है।

राम सीता बुलाए

कलम पानी मैं उगता है।

रंग लाल और नीला है।

मेरा घर बाबी ओर है।

अलमारी में तीन पुस्तके है जिनके

In this paper, researchers suggested the approach to identify and correct the non-word spelling mistakes for Hindi Language.

It is examined that procedures followed by English error identification and correction could not be straight away used for Hindi.

2.2 Word Prediction System for Text Entry in Hindi [2]

In this paper, authors made a keyboard named "*hIndiA". The analysis presents that correction rate of *hIndiA is roughly 89.75% for typing errors on average compared to text entry without prediction using the same texts.

Authors have analyzed 43.05% Keystroke save rate, 92.46% hit rate and 93.84% utilization of Prediction with the word prediction system.

Regeourus						
Descriptio n	Lipi k	Googl e	Trigra m	*hIndi A		
Alphabetic al Layout	N	Ν	Y	Y		
QWERTY Layout	Y Y		N	N		
Human typing error handling for Hindi	N	N	N	Y		
Auditory clue support	Ν	N	Y	Y		
Multiple word prediction	N	Y	N	N		
Predicti on 10 window size		10	7	7		

Table 2: Comparison of Features of Different Hindi
Keyboards

There is an absence of calculating errors while composing text through the word prediction system proposed by the authors. A new measure can be evolved to decide the performance for text composition with word prediction.

2.3 Swarachakra Keyboard for Indic Scripts (Tutorial) [3]

Authors have developed a Hindi Keyboard named "Swarachakra". Swarachakra is made with an alphabetical design based on the structure of Indic scripts.

Swarachakra displays the order of consonants according to the formation of Indic scripts, orally gathered and ordered in a grid like a text book.

The following figure shows the layout of the Swarachakra keyboard for Hindi Language.



Figure 2 Swarachakra Hindi Keyboard

2.4 Syntactic Dependency-Based N-grams as Classification Features [4]

This paper introduces syntactic dependency based ngrams (sn-grams). Sn-grams are unique from normal n-grams by the idea of which elements are considered as the neighbors.

In sn-grams, syntactic relations in the syntactic trees are considered to take neighbors, and not the sequence of words. Any of the NLP task can use Sn-Grams in the place of normal n-grams. The main benefit of sn-grams is that they are considered by the syntactic connections of words, thus, each and every word is linked to its "original" neighbors, ignoring the randomness that is found by the structure of sequence of text. For example, let's take following two phrases. See following Figures.



Figure 3 Representation of Syntactic Relations



Figure 4 Promoted Head Nodes

If normal (traditional) bigrams are generated from above example, then only one bigram is common: "eat with".

If Syntactic N-Grams (sn-grams) are taken into account, then two bigrams are caught common: "eat with" and "with spoon".

III. HINDI WORD PREDICTION WITH SYNTACTIC N-GRAM – THE NEW APPROACH

The New approach to introduce Syntactic N-Gram for Hindi Word Prediction is as shown here. It states that when the user types the word, the word is checked with the parser.

The parser uses WordNet for reference and then it generates the predictions based on whether the word is available in the dictionary or not.

Following are the steps:

Step 1: Generate Hindi Keyboard for Android Devices

Step 2: Type the word from the Hindi Android Keyboard

Step 3: Check the input word with Parser with the use of WordNet

Step 4: Check whether the word is available or not in the WordNet

Step 5: Display the predicted words in Prediction Window. The New approach to introduce Syntactic N-Gram for Hindi Word Prediction is as below



Figure 5Working Flow of New Approach

Working of Proposed System:

Step 1: Generate	Hindi k	Keyboard
Language	:	Java
OS	:	Android
Keyboard type	:	InScript (Unicode)
Keyboard Layou	t:	Alphabetical Order

Step 2: Type the word from the Hindi Keyboard

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Suppose the user wants to type: "हिन्दी"

The user input sequence for composing the text should be:" $\mathbf{\overline{e}}$ +

ि + न + ् + द + ी". When the user enters or removes every character, the combined string is checked by the parser every time.

Step 3: Check the input word with parser



Figure 6 Working of Parser for Word Prediction

In this example, when user starts typing, the Scanner checks the input letter by letter.

When Scanner gets " $\mathbf{\overline{\epsilon}} + \mathbf{\overline{\epsilon}} + \mathbf{\overline{\epsilon}} + \mathbf{\overline{\epsilon}}$ ",

The Scanner checks the input string and Generates Tokens using Regular Expressions. Finally, it will predict words like: "हिंदी", "हिन्दी" using Grammar.

Step 4: Check whether the word is available or not

If word is available: Print the word, Generate next Predictions of words

If word is not available: Print the word, Generate common Predictions of words

Step 5: Display the predicted words in Prediction Window Finally, it will predict words like: "हिंदी", "हिन्दी", "हिंदु", "हिन्द", etc. in the prediction window.

IV. RESULT AND ANALYSIS

SCREENSHOTS:



Figure 7 Screenshots of Implemented Keyboard

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS:

Measur ement (Unit)	Li pik	Goo gle	Trig ram	*hIn diA	UH KB
Keystro ke saving (%)	32. 43	16.8 2	40.69	43.0 5	51.6 3
Potential keystrok e saving (%)	37. 27	19.3 0	44.17	45.6 7	54.0 6
Predictio n utilizatio n (%)	85. 72	87.1 2	92.12	93.8 4	94.2 0
Hit rate (%)	85. 71	28.5 7	88.27	92.4 6	91.0 5
Text entry rate (wpm)	7.3 8	4.84	9.63	12.5 6	15.0 9

Table 3: Performance Analysis of Hindi Keyboard:

Performance Analysis



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V. CONCLUSION

The approach applied improves the Word Predictions for Hindi Language. As Hindi Language contains rich set of Grammar, it is necessary for a strong word prediction algorithm. As there are very rich rules of Grammar, there is a necessity of the algorithm which works with the Grammar consideration in prediction the next word. My approach considers Grammar using Parser and WordNet for predicting the next word.

VI. FUTURE EXTENSION

This work can be reached out for giving Predictions of more than one word in one prediction window. These will be the pairs of words which users use most of the times. It will provide convenience to the users and it will increase the typing speed. This feature will also reduce the Typing hit rate because in one tap two words will be entered using the prediction window.

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