# Implemented Two Level K-Means Clustering Algorithm to Improve Quality in User Pattern Mining

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Abstract- Data cleaning perform in the Data Preprocessing and Web Usage Mining. The work on data cleaning of web server logs irrelevant items and useless data can not completely removed and Overlapped data causes difficulty during page ranking. So we have Implemented Two-level clustering method to get pattern data for mining. This paper presents WebLogCleaner can filter out much irrelevant, inconsistent data based on the common of their URLs and it is going to improving the data quality, performance and efficiency of Web Log files.

*Keywords*- Web Usage Mining (WUM); Data cleaning; web log mining; Web Page Mining; Preprocessing.

### I. INTRODUCTION

Data mining is the computational process of discovering patterns in large amount data sets involving methods at the intersection of artificial intelligence, machine learning of Data System. The World Wide Web is now a huge database with this growth there arises a need for analyzing the data. The process of discovery and analysis of Web is called Web mining. Web mining is the application of data mining techniques to discover patterns from the Web. Web mining can be divided into three different types 1) Web Structure Mining 2) Web Content Mining 3) Web Usage Mining. Web structure mining is the process of discovering the connection between web pages. Web content mining includes mining, extraction and integration of useful data and knowledge of Web page content. Web Usage Mining is a technique of extracting useful information from the Web Log, e.g. the pattern in which a user goes through different Webpages. WebLog Cleaner that can filter out plenty of irrelevant items based on the common prefix of their URLs of data cleaning methods. Mining enterprise proxy log plays an important role for enterprise manager and employer which makes it difficult to find the "right" or "interesting" information [1]. Web Log are generally noisy and ambiguous. Web applications are increasing at an enormous speed and its users, are increasing at exponential speed.

There are lots of work on data cleaning of web server logs irrelevant items and useless data can not completely

removed. When multiple data sources need to be integrated, data quality problems are present in single data collections, such as files and databases. Web Log Cleaner that can filter out plenty of irrelevant items based on the common prefix of their URLs. This method is improving data quality by removing the irrelevant items. It is described of data characteristics reveals the importance and difficulty of data cleaning in web mining.

## II. WEB USAGE MINING

Web Usage Mining could be a technique of extracting useful information from the web log, e.g. the pattern in which a user goes through different Web Pages. Using usage mining a designer can work on improving the web site or to provide a personalized service. Web Usage Mining consists of three steps [6].

- 1) Data Preprocessing
- 2) Pattern Discovery
- 3) Pattern Analysis

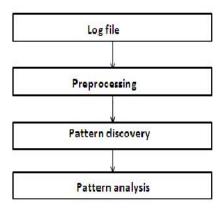


Figure.1 WebLog Mining Process

# 1. Data Preprocessing

The preprocessing of web logs is complex and time consuming and it is done using the following steps. The main task of data preprocessing is to select standardized data from the original log files, prepared for user navigation pattern discovery algorithm [5].

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- 1) Data Cleaning
- 2) Page view Identification
- 3) Path Completion
- 4) Formatting

## 1.1 Data Cleaning

Data cleansing is that the method of removing irrelevant logs from log entries. Since HTTP is a connectionless protocol, when a user browse a web page in several log entire graphics and scripts are downloaded along with the HTML file. Data cleaning involves:-

- a) Removal of Global and local Noise
- b) Removal of images, video etc.
- c) Removal of records that failed HTTP status code
- d) Robots cleaning
- Web noise can be normally categorized into two groups depending on their granularities.
- f) Global Noise are corresponds to the unnecessary objects with huge granularities, which are no smaller than individual pages.
- g) Local (Intra-Page) Noise are corresponds to the irrelevant items inside a Web page.

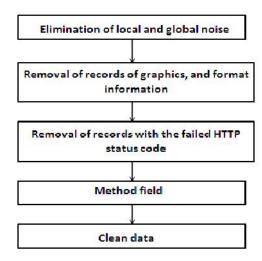


Figure 2 - Data cleansing steps

# 1.2 Page view Identification

Page view is a collection of web object. Page view identification is the process of identifying which page access files belong to a single page view. All the page views are assigned with a page view id.

## 2. Pattern Discovery

It is a method used in various fields such as data mining, pattern recognition, etc. pattern discovery involves finding a

pattern in which the web user uses the web. There are various algorithms available to do this process such as the Association Rule for data mining.

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# 3. Pattern Analysis

It is the last step in mining. It involves analyzing the pattern that is discovered in pattern discovery process. Useful and interesting pattern are kept and rest of the pattern, which are least useful, and interesting are removed.

### III. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Discuss the problem relating to Data cleaning of web log. Web log is generally noisy and ambiguous Web applications are increasing at an enormous speed and its users are increasing at exponential speed. Difficult to find the "right" or "interesting" information, There are a lot of work on data cleaning of web server logs irrelevant items and useless data can not completely removed. Difficulty in specifying the valid data from the log file with unlimited accesses to websites, web requests from multiple clients to multiple web servers.

Overlapped data cause difficulty during Page Ranking, When multiple data sources need to be integrated, data quality issues are present in single data collections, like files and databases, e.g., because of misspellings during data entry, missing information or alternative invalid data. The Standard Log filecontains irrelevant inconsistent data. Difficulty of knowledge extraction during Web Log Mining.

# IV. TWO-LEVEL K-MEANS CLUSTERING METHODOLOGY

In this paper I Implemented a new method of clustering, which is used for data cleaning of server log.

# Two-level K-means clustering method

The Two-level clustering method is improving the quality of data in the WUM process, which is the two-level clustering. Based on the results of two level clustering method on web log data, it can be concluded that this method can improve the quality of data web log.

- The first level clustering is done in the form of data frequently user access using non-hierarchical clustering method.
- The second level clustering is done by first changing the form of web log data into user access behavior patterns.

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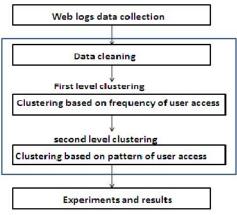


Figure 3: Two level clustering process

### V. NEW ALGORITHM

## 1. One Level Clustering Algorithm

- 1. Read records from cleaned data source
- 2. For each records find frequent access data from data source
- 3. Read frequency user access data.
- 4. If frequent records found then
- 5. Save for clustering frequent user access records in frequency access data source
- 6. Make one level cluster from frequency user access records
- 7. Else not select records
- 8. End if
- 9. Next record

## 2. Two Level Clustering Algothim

- 1. Read records from data source
- 2. For each records from data source find pattern data.
- 3. Read pattern data using specified address from data source.
- 4. If requested records from data source with specified pattern then
- Collect and Save in pattern data source.
- 6. Make tow level cluster from pattern data source.
- 7. Else not select that records.
- 8. End if
- 9. Next record

### VI. RESULTS

Index_No	Server_IP	Client_IP
0	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.15
1	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.13
7	202.71.129.26	10.5.0.5
11	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.17
13	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.18
14	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.14
20	202.71.129.26	10.5.0.5
24	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.16
26	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.18
27	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.11
33	202.71.129.26	10.5.0.5
37	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.12
39	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.10
40	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.13
46	202.71.129.26	10.5.0.51
50	202.71.129.26	10.8.0.53

Fig.1 (Pattern Cluster 1)

Index_No	Server_IP	Client_IP
2	209.85.135.109	10.5.0.54
9	209.85.135.109	10.6.0.26
15	209.85.135.109	10.5.0.51
22	209.85.135.109	10.6.0.28
28	209.85.135.109	10.5.0.55
35	209.85.135.109	10.6.0.29
41	209.85.135.109	10.5.0.12
48	209.85.135.109	10.6.0.21

Fig.2 (Pattern Cluster 2)

#### VII. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

There are many techniques proposed by totally different researchers for the web usage mining. This paper mentioned about Two-level clustering method available for web usage mining.

This previous paper has attempted to give an overview of how weblog mining is done. Web log mining consists of data preprocessing, pattern discovery and analysis. The results of Web Log mining can be used for various applications such as web personalization, site recommendation, site improvement, etc.

In this paper, we summarized the existing web log preprocessing techniques. In the future work apply this algorithm on Personalize Web recommended system to get accuracy and efficiency based on different criteria using pattern mining

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